

September 2019 IR Presentation

Forward-Looking Statements



This presentation contains forward-looking statements ("FLS") which are protected as FLS under the PSLRA, and which are based on management's current expectations and beliefs, as well as a number of assumptions concerning future events. The assumptions and estimates underlying FLS are inherently uncertain and are subject to a wide variety of significant business, economic, and competitive risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in the prospective information. Accordingly, there can be no assurance we will achieve the future results we expect or that actual results will not differ materially from expectations. Statements concerning current estimates, expectations and projections about future results, performance, prospects, opportunities, plans, actions and events and other statements, concerns, or matters that are not historical facts are FLS and include, but are not limited to, statements regarding future: crude oil capacities; access to crude oil and condensate fields; EBITDA and capacities of our logistics assets; crude oil and condensate production, quality, pricing, price advantages and gathering; pipeline access; fertilizer distribution costs, netback pricing (and maximization thereof), marketing agreements and utilization rates; access to crude oils and shale oils; complexity; optionality of our marketing network; blending and RIN generation; product mix; conversion and distillate yields; strategic value of our locations; cost of operations; throughput and production; favorability of the macro environment including increased shale oil production, takeaway capacity, price advantages, product demand, growth of global economies sustainably or at all, price environment, impacts of IMO 2020 including the ability of CVI to benefit therefrom, exports, unemployment, RIN prices, deregulation and energy developments; crude oil and condensate differentials; crack spreads; diesel demand and gasoline production; demand for light sweet and heavy sour crude oil; exposure to Brent/WTI differential; liquid volume yield; impacts of Tier 3 including sulfur credit pricing, premium/subgrade spreads, octane value, ability of our refineries to comply with sulfur specifications and the impact of our capital projects; dividends and balance sheet strength; strategic initiatives including EHS improvements, RINs exposure, biodiesel blending, development of wholesale or retail businesses, expansion of optionality to process WCS, light shale oil and/or natural gasoline, liquid yield improvement at Wynnewood by 3.5% or at all, reduction of lost opportunities and capture rates; capital expenditures, turnaround expense and turnaround timing and activities; the crude optionality, Isom and KSAAT projects including the costs, timing, returns, benefits and impacts thereof; global and domestic nitrogen demand and consumption; population growth; amount of arable farmland; biofuels consumption; diet evolution; product pricing and capacities; logistics optionality; rail access and delivery points; sustainability of production; demand growth and supply/demand imbalance; corn demand, stocks, uses, pricing, consumption, production, planting and yield; continued safe and reliable operations; and other matters.

You are cautioned not to put undue reliance on FLS (including forecasts and projections regarding our future performance) because actual results may vary materially from those expressed or implied as a result of various factors, including, but not limited to those set forth under "Risk Factors" in the Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and any other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission by CVR Energy, Inc. ("CVI") or CVR Partners, LP ("UAN"). These FLS are made only as of the date hereof. Neither CVI nor UAN assume any obligation to, and they expressly disclaim any obligation to, update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Certain financial information in this presentation (including EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA) are not presentations made in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") and use of such terms varies from others in the same industry. Non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered as alternatives to income from continuing operations, income from operations or any other performance measures derived in accordance with GAAP. Non-GAAP financial measures have important limitations as analytical tools, and you should not consider them in isolation or as substitutes for results as reported under GAAP. This presentation includes a reconciliation of certain non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP.

Mission and Values



Our Guiding Principles

Our mission is to be a top-tier North American petroleum refining and nitrogen-based fertilizer company as measured by safe and reliable operations, superior financial performance and profitable growth.

Our core values define the way we do business every day to accomplish our mission. The foundation of our company is built on these core values. We are responsible to apply our core values in all the decisions we make and actions we take.

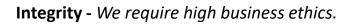


Safety - We always put safety first.

The protection of our employees, contractors and communities is paramount. We have an unwavering commitment to safety above all else. If it's not safe, then we don't do it.

Environment - We care for our environment.

Complying with all regulations and minimizing any environmental impact from our operations is essential. We understand our obligation to the environment and that it's our duty to protect it.



We comply with the law and practice sound corporate governance. We only conduct business one way – the right way with integrity.



Corporate Citizenship - We are proud members of the communities where we operate.

We are good neighbors and know that it's a privilege we can't take for granted. We seek to make a positive economic and social impact through our financial donations and contributions of time, knowledge and talent of our employees to the places where we live and work.



Continuous Improvement - *We foster accountability under a performance-driven culture.*

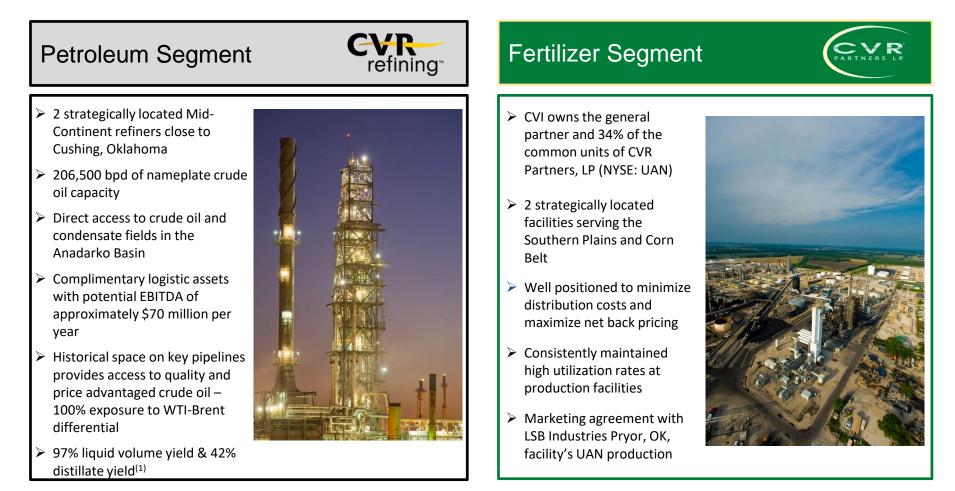
We believe in both individual and team a success. We foster accountability under a performance-driven culture that supports creative thinking, teamwork and personal development so that employees can realize their maximum potential. We use defined work practices for consistency, efficiency and to create value across the organization.

Company Overview

Energy

Mid-Continent Focused Refining & Fertilizer Businesses

CVR Energy is a diversified holding company primarily engaged in the petroleum refining and nitrogen fertilizer manufacturing industries. CVR Energy's Petroleum segment is the larger of the two businesses and is comprised of two Mid-Continent complex refineries and associated logistics assets. Our Nitrogen Fertilizer business is comprised of our ownership of the general partner and 34 percent of the common units of CVR Partners, LP.

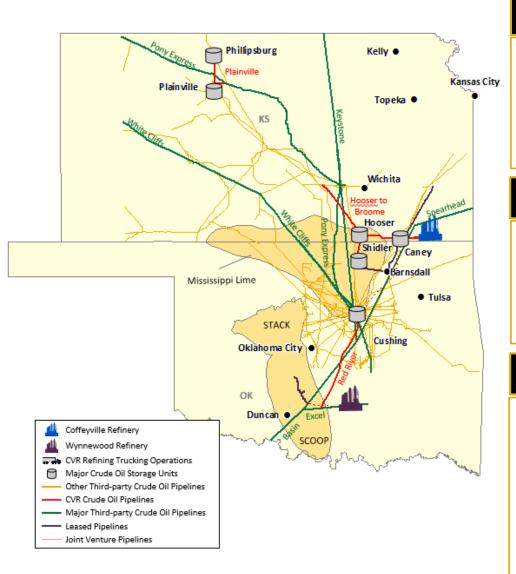




PETROLEUM SEGMENT

Asset Footprint

Strategically Located Assets near Cushing and SCOOP/STACK



Mid-Continent Refineries

Nameplate crude oil capacity of 206,500 bpd across two refineries

• 2Q19 total throughput of 216,300 bpd

Average complexity of 10.8

Located in Group 3 of PADD II

Cushing & SCOOP/STACK Centric

Refineries are strategically located ~ 100 to 130 miles from Cushing, OK

Historical space on key pipelines

Access to domestic conventional and locally gathered shale oils and Canadian crude oils

Logistics

Crude oil gathering system with access to over 250,000 bpd of production across Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma and Missouri

 2Q19 SCOOP/STACK gathering increased 25% Y/Y as we increased focus on these high quality crude oils

Logistics asset portfolio includes over 430 miles of owned or JV pipelines, over 7 million barrels of total crude oil and product storage capacity and 39 LACT units



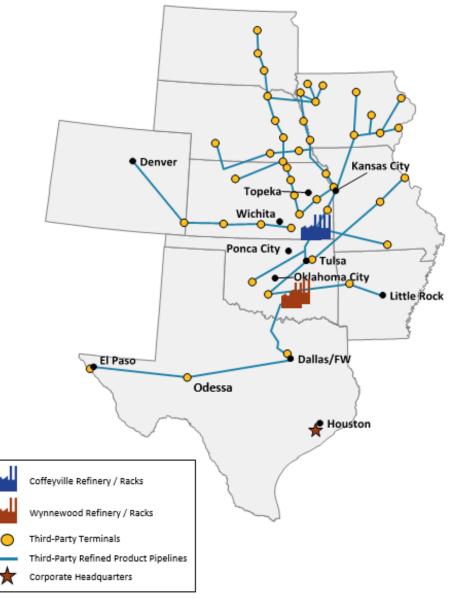
Strategically Located Mid-Con Refineries



Multiple Takeaway Options Provide Product Placement Flexibility

Marketing Network Optionality

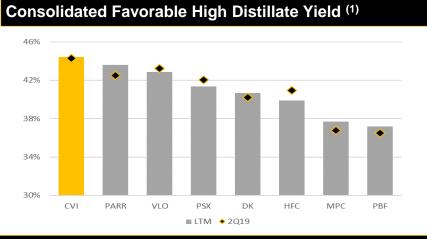
- Marketing activities focused in central midcontinent area via rack marketing, supplying customers nearby and at terminals on third-party distribution systems
 - Rack marketing enables the sale of blended products, allowing CVR to capture the RIN
- Majority of refined volumes flow north on Magellan system or NuStar pipelines
- Flexibility to ship product south into Texas markets as well
- Over 100 product storage tanks with shell capacity of over 4 million barrels across both refineries



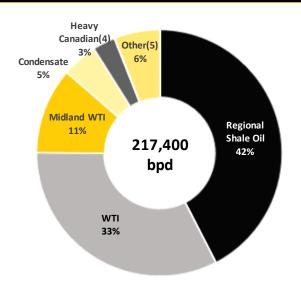
High-Quality Refining Assets



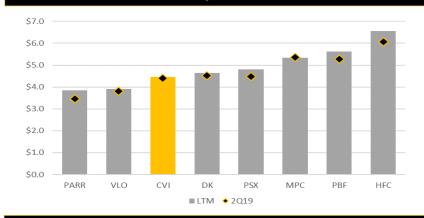
Favorable Product Mix and Low-Cost Operations



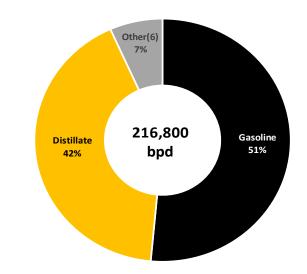
Total Throughput⁽²⁾



Consolidated Low Cost Operator^{(2) (3)}



Total Production⁽²⁾



- (1) Based on crude oil throughputs
- (2) Based on total throughputs for the last twelve months ended June 30, 2019
- (3) Operating expenses based on per barrel of total throughput
- (4) Currently have pipeline space up to 35,000 bpd but has historically been more economic to sell heavy crude oils in Cushing, Oklahoma
- (5) Other includes natural gasoline, isobutane, normal butane and gas oil
- (6) Other includes pet coke, NGLs, slurry, sulfur and gas oil, and specialty products such as propylene and solvents; excludes internally produced fuels

Favorable Macro Environment

Supply and Demand Fundamentals Supportive of Constructive Outlook



Feedstock Supply

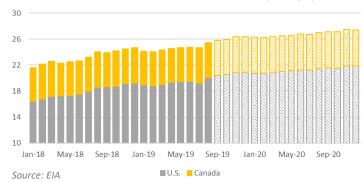
- Increasing U.S. shale oil production
- Limited Canadian pipeline and rail takeaway capacity
- Access to price-advantaged crude oils such as Canadian and Regional Shales

Product Demand

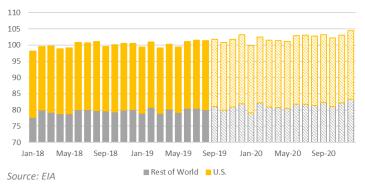
- Global economies aligned for sustainable growth
- Sustained product demand driven by:
 - Lower price environment Tier 3 Gasoline
 - IMO 2020 Exports Low Unemployment

Regulatory Landscape

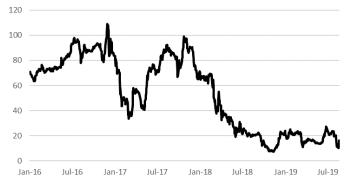
- Constructive deregulation
- Positive Energy development in the U.S.
- Lower Y/Y RIN prices

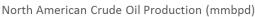


Global Demand (mmbpd)





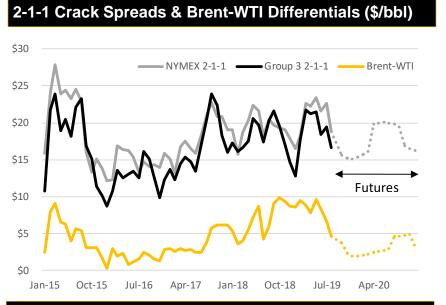




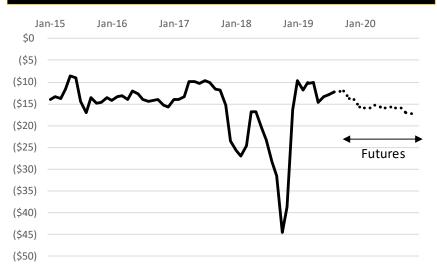
Favorable Macro Environment



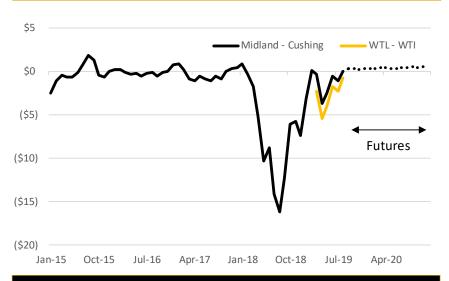
Forward Crack Spreads and Crude Differentials Remain Attractive



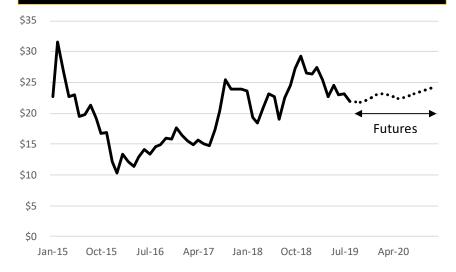
WCS – WTI Differential (\$/bbl)



Midland-Cushing and WTL-WTI Differentials (\$/bbl)



WTI-Based ULSD Crack Spread (\$/bbl)



Well Positioned to Benefit from IMO 2020 & Tier 3 Gasoline

New Regulatory Standards Should Represent Tailwinds for CVR Energy

IMO 2020 Should be a Net Positive for the Industry

Background: Beginning January 1, 2020 the International Maritime Organization (IMO) is expected to enforce a new 0.5% global sulfur cap on marine fuel content, a significant reduction from the current limit of 3.5%.

Expected Market Impacts: 1) Increased demand for diesel, 2) decreased gasoline production as refiners shift gasoline feedstock to low-sulfur marine fuel oil production, 3) increased demand for light sweet crude oil, and 4) decreased demand for heavy sour crude.

Implications for CVR Energy: CVR Energy is well positioned to benefit from IMO 2020 impacts due to: 1) Peer-leading distillate yield of over 44% over the last twelve months⁽¹⁾, 2) 100% exposure to the Brent – WTI differential, and 3) high liquid volume yield of light products.

CVR Energy is Prepared to Meet Tier 3 Gasoline Specifications

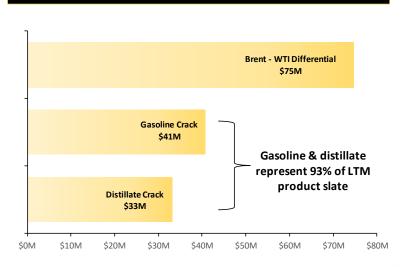
Background: Also beginning January 1, 2020 all refineries will be required to meet the Tier 3 gasoline specifications requiring gasoline production to meet an annual 10 ppm average sulfur content. Refineries that have not invested in the hardware necessary to meet the specifications will be required to purchase sulfur credits to comply.

Expected Market Impacts: 1) Increase in the price of sulfur credits, 2) increase in the value of octane, widening the spread of premium gasoline over subgrade, and 3) potential for reduced gasoline production.

Implications for CVR Energy: CVR Energy currently produces 10ppm sulfur max gasoline at Wynnewood and has the capability to reduce the sulfur content at Coffeyville to meet Tier 3 specifications next year. In addition, several of the capital projects currently under evaluation (Coffeyville Crude Optionality, Wynnewood Isomerization Unit, Wynnewood KSAAT) should all benefit from the potential widening of premium gasoline spreads resulting from Tier 3 specifications.

(1) Based on crude oil throughputs

(2) All other factors held constant; based on LTM crude throughput of 74.7 mmbbl, gasoline production 40.7 mmbbl and distillate production of 33.1 mmbbl



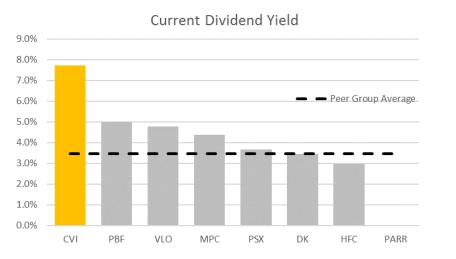
Annual EBITDA Sensitivity from \$1/bbl change⁽²⁾

Industry Leading Dividend Yield & Leverage

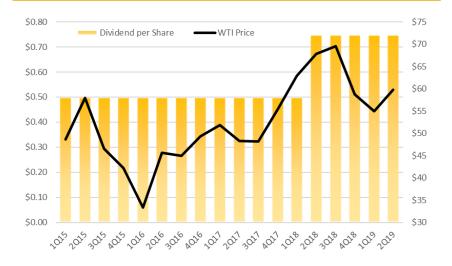


Best in Class Dividend and Balance Sheet

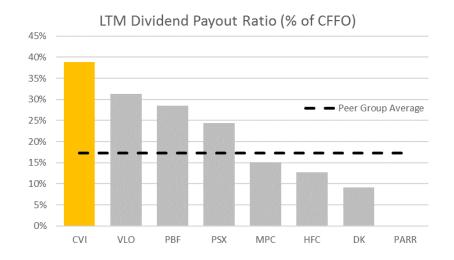
Current Dividend Yield⁽¹⁾ over 2x Peer Group Average



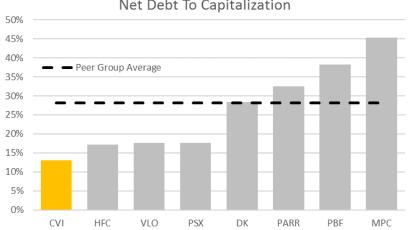
Consistent Dividend Payouts Despite Oil Price Volatility



Dividend Payout Ratio Also >2x Peer Average



Peer-Leading Leverage Position



Net Debt To Capitalization

Strategic Initiatives

Energy

Focus on Maximizing Reliability, Increasing Feedstock Flexibility & Premium Production

Environmental, Health and Safety	 Continue to improve in all Environmental, Health and Safety matters. Safety is Job 1 ✓ 2018 total recordable incident rates down over 50% Y/Y and environmental events down over 30%. Seeing continued improvement in 2019
Focus on Crude Quality &	Leverage our strategic location and our proprietary gathering system to deliver high quality and cost efficient crude oil to our refineries
Differentials	✓ Increased SCOOP gathering by 25% Y/Y as we eliminated activity in other non-strategic regions. Gathering approx. 120,000 bpd in the SCOOP, working toward 200,000 bpd goal
Reduce our RIN	Reduce our RIN exposure through increased biodiesel blending and building a wholesale/retail business
Exposure	✓ Internal RINs generation increased to over 21% in 1H19 from 18% in 1H18, in part by blending biodiesel across both refinery racks and selling more aviation fuel
Expand Coffeyville	Expand our optionality to process WCS, light shale oil and natural gasoline, allowing us to blend our own optimum crude slate at the Coffeyville refinery
Feedstock Flexibility	✓ 3-phase project under development; potential capital investments of \$360M with expected returns over 30%
Increase Liquid	Improve liquid yield recovery at the Wynnewood refinery by 3.5%
Yields at Wynnewood	 Benfree repositioning project placed in service 1Q19. Isomerization project in Schedule A design; potential capital investment of \$90M if approved, with expected returns over 35%
Reduce Lost	Reduce lost opportunities and improve capture rates
Opportunities	 Lost profit opportunities in 1H19 were less than 3% of gross margin, well below 2018 levels of approximately 7%

Long-Term Value Creation Projects



Multi-Phase Project to Increase Feedstock Flexibility & Improve Liquid Yield

Crude Optionality at Coffeyville

If approved, Phase 1 would increase the capacity for processing natural gasoline to 10,000 bpd and/or increase light shale crude oil and condensate processing

- Additional naphtha hydrotreating capacity
- Additional C5 / C6 isomerization capacity
- Create Tier III gasoline flexibility / premium production

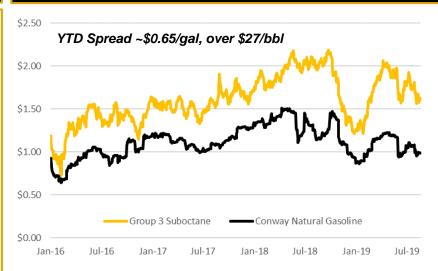
Timing for Phase 1 completion is expected to be in 2022-2023; currently in Schedule A engineering design

Total capital cost for Phase 1 currently estimated at approximately \$200 million

Phase 2 would involve improving liquid yield and increasing Canadian crude oil processing ability with the addition of a new gas oil hydrotreater

Phase 3 would involve expansion of the continuous catalytic reformer to process additional naphtha to high octane blendstock

Group 3 Gasoline vs. Conway Natural Gasoline (\$/gal)



The impact of Tier 3 Gasoline specs on this spread in 2020 is yet to be determined

Project Economics

- **Total Capital Spend Estimate: \$360 million**
- Expected Annual Return: 30% or higher

Potential Annual EBITDA Uplift: \$100 million+

Long-Term Value Creation Projects

Increase Feedstock Flexibility & Improve Liquid Yield



Isomerization Unit at Wynnewood

Intended to:

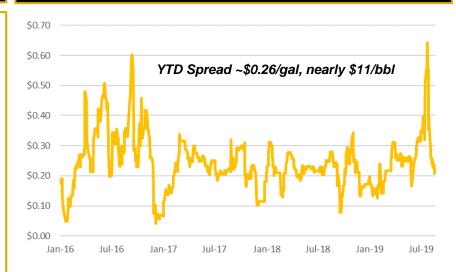
- Run more SCOOP/STACK light crude oils and condensates
- Improve liquid volume yield and increase distillate yield
- Increase capability to produce additional premium gasoline (*typically* >\$0.25/gal. uplift)
- Reduce benzene content of gasoline generate more credits

Schedule A design work underway, including detailed cost estimate

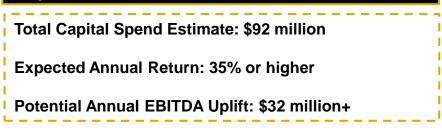
Expect to seek full board approval in 4Q 2019

If fully approved, project completion targeted for 2021-2022

Group 3 Premium Gasoline Spread over Subgrade (\$/gal)



Project Economics



Long-Term Value Creation Projects

Environmental Mitigation Project with Liquid Yield Enhancement

KSAAT Project at Wynnewood

KSAAT Solid Acid Alkylation Technology – Wynnewood Refinery

- Intended to eliminate the use of hydrofluoric (HF) acid catalyst in the alkylation unit
- Also expected to increase production of premium gasoline at Wynnewood

Schedule A design work underway, including detailed cost estimate

If approved, timing for project completion is expected to be in 2021-2022

Potential to implement similar design at Coffeyville



Project Economics

Total Capital Spend Estimate: \$48 million

Expected Annual Return: 70% or higher on net investment of approximately \$15 million

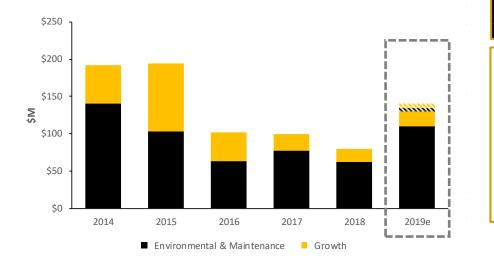
Potential Annual EBITDA Uplift: \$10 million+

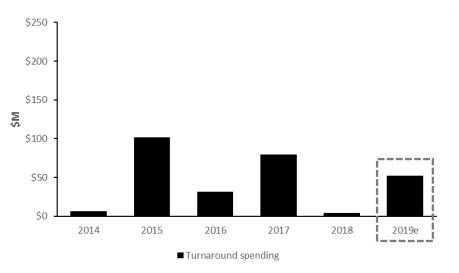


Capital Expenditures and Turnarounds



Disciplined Approach to Capital Spending





2019 Total Capex budget of \$130M - \$140M

Environmental and Maintenance spending planned at \$110M - \$115M

Growth capex budgeted at \$20M - \$25M

Approximately \$10M - \$20M of growth related projects will require additional approvals before moving forward

2019 Turnaround spending planned at \$50M - \$55M

Wynnewood refinery turnaround completed as planned in 1Q19, on time and under budget

Coffeyville refinery turnaround expected in Spring of 2020 – FCC, alky and associated hydrotreating units

 2019 budget includes some planning costs ahead of the 2020 turnaround



FERTILIZER SEGMENT

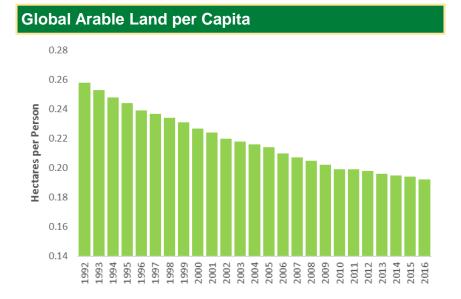
Solid Trends in Fertilizer Demand Growth



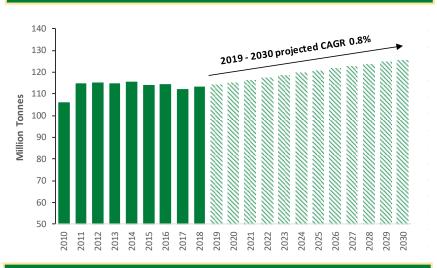
Global and Domestic Demand for Nitrogen Remains Strong

Global nitrogen consumption increased by 15% between 2008 and 2018 driven by:

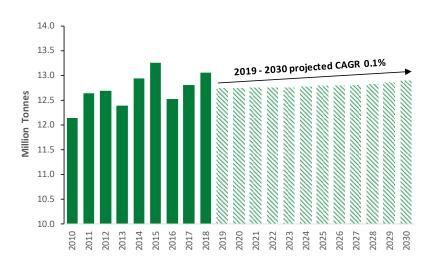
- Population growth
- Decrease in arable farmland per capita
- Biofuel consumption
- Continued evolution to more proteinbased diets in developing countries



Global Nitrogen Consumption



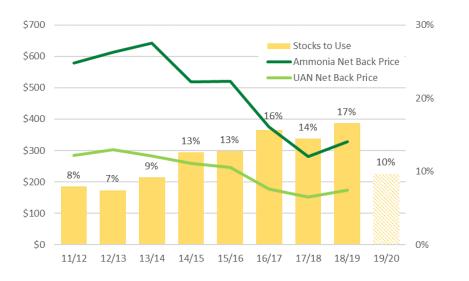
US Nitrogen Consumption



U.S Nitrogen Supply & Demand

Supply and Demand Picture is More Balanced

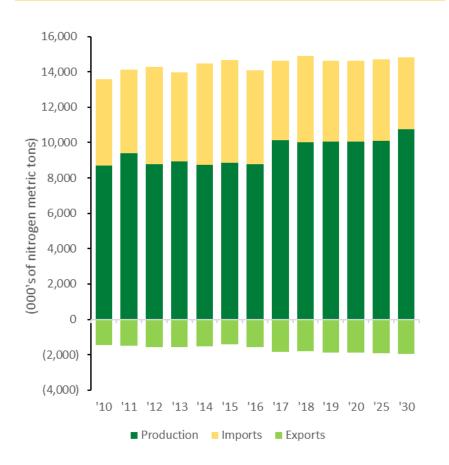
Corn Stocks to Use Compared to Netback Fertilizer Pricing



- Nitrogen fertilizers represent approximately 15% of farmers' cost structure and significantly improves yields
- H19 UAN prices increased \$48/ton, or 28% Y/Y
- Major global nitrogen capacity build cycle largely complete in 2017/2018. Additional tons have been absorbed by the market
- Product demand currently expected to exceed new supply for the next several years



US Nitrogen Supply

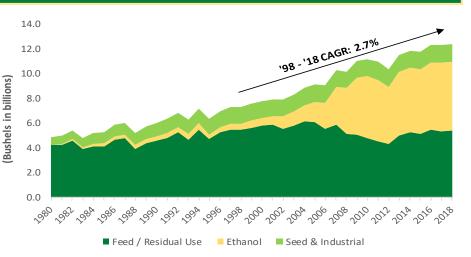


Strong Demand for Corn in the U.S.

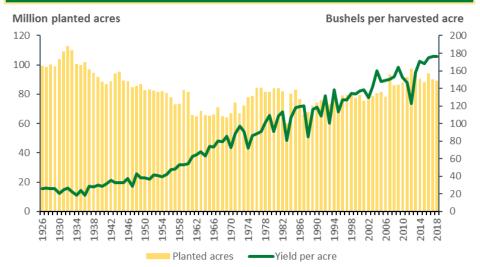
Increasing Corn Consumption is Positive for Nitrogen Demand

- Corn has a variety of uses and applications, including feed grains, ethanol for fuel and food, seed and industrial (FSI)
- Feed grains
 - ~96% of domestic feed grains are supplied by corn
 - Consumes ~37% of annual corn crop⁽¹⁾
- Ethanol
 - Consumes ~37% of annual corn crop⁽¹⁾
- Corn production driven more by yield than acres planted
- Nitrogen is low on the cost curve for farmers





Domestic Corn Planted Acres and Yield per Acre



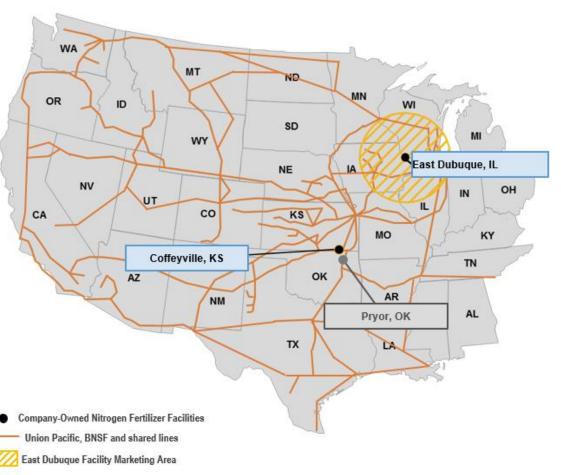


Strategically Located Assets

Well-Positioned in Premium Pricing Regions



- Large geographic footprint serving the Southern Plains and Corn Belt region
- Well positioned to minimize distribution costs and maximize net back pricing
- New rail loading rack at Coffeyville increases logistics optionality west of the Mississippi River due to access to both UP and BNSF delivery points
- Production sustainability due to storage capabilities at the plants and offsite locations
- Marketing agreement with LSB Industries Pryor, OK, facility's UAN production



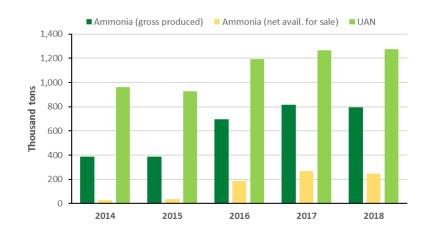
Company-Partnered Nitrogen Fertilizer Facility

Key Operating Statistics

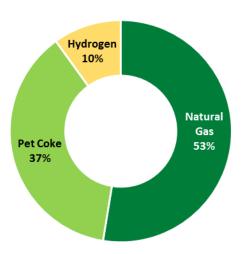
Consistent High Utilization at Both Facilities



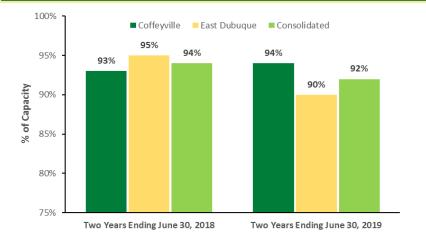
Consolidated Production Volumes



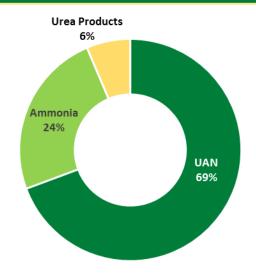
Consolidated Feedstocks Costs⁽²⁾



Ammonia Utilization⁽¹⁾



Consolidated Sales Revenue⁽²⁾⁽³⁾



(1) Adjusted by planned turnarounds.

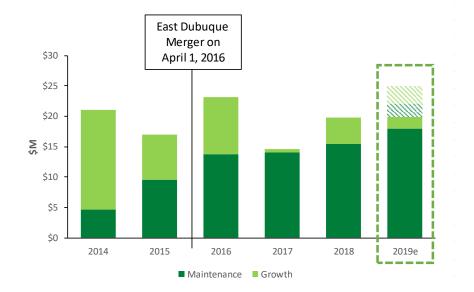
(2) For the last twelve months ended June 30, 2019.

(3) Excludes freight.

Capital Expenditures and Turnaround Expenses

Primarily Focused on Maintenance Spending





2019 Total Capex budget of \$20M - \$25M

Environmental and Maintenance spending planned at \$18M - \$20M

Growth capex budgeted at \$2.0M - \$5.0M

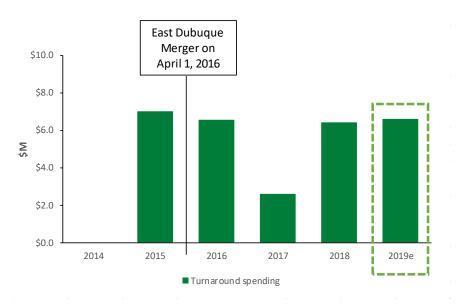
 Growth capex budget comprised of a number of smaller projects

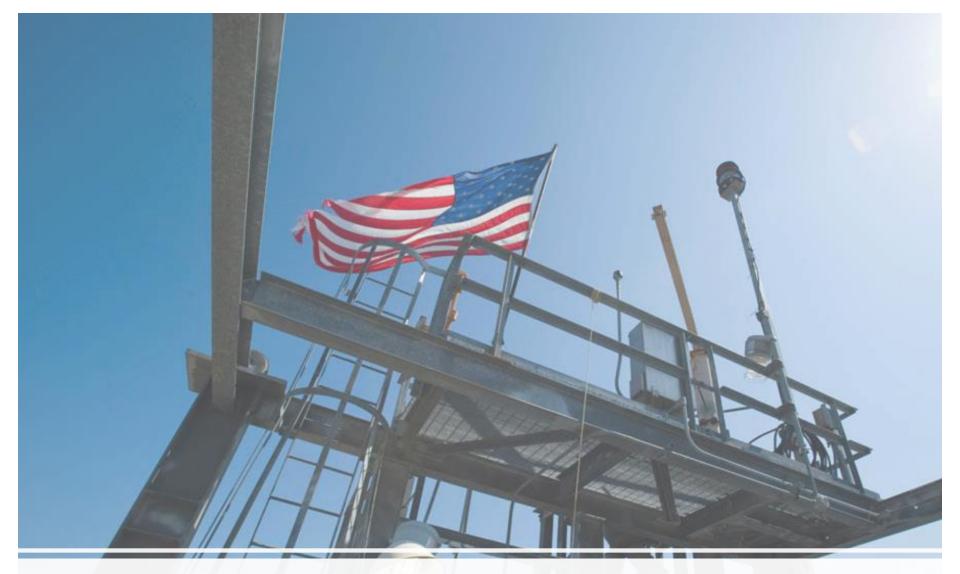
2019 Turnaround spending planned at \$7M

East Dubuque turnaround planned for Fall of 2019

Coffeyville and East Dubuque are on alternating two-year turnaround schedules

Turnarounds have historically lasted two to three weeks and cost approximately \$7M





APPENDIX



EBITDA represents net income (loss) before (i) interest expense, net, (ii) income tax expense (benefit) and (iii) depreciation and amortization expense.

Adjusted EBITDA represents EBITDA adjusted to exclude consolidated turnaround expense and other non-recurring items which management believes are material to an investor's understanding of the Company's underlying operating results.

Available Cash for Distribution represents Adjusted EBITDA reduced for cash reserves established by the board of directors of CVR Partners, LP's general partner for (i) debt service, (ii) maintenance capital expenditures, (iii) turnaround expenses and, to the extent applicable, (iv) reserves for future operating or capital needs that the board of directors of our general partner deems necessary or appropriate, if any. Available cash for distribution may be increased by the release of previously established cash reserves, if any, and other excess cash, at the discretion of the board of directors of CVR Partners L.P.'s general partner.

Direct Operating Expenses per Throughput Barrel represents direct operating expenses for our Petroleum Segment divided by total throughput barrels for the period, which is calculated as total throughput barrels per day times the number of days in the period.

Note: Due to rounding, numbers presented within this section may not add or equal to numbers or totals presented elsewhere within this document



(In USD Millions)

CVR Energy, Inc.	2	2015	2	016	2	2017	2	2018	3Q	2018	4Q 2018		1Q 2019		19 2Q 2		2019 L	
Net Income	\$	350	\$	10	\$	258	\$	366	\$	110	\$	96	\$	102	\$	128	\$	436
Add: Interest expense and other financing costs, net of interest income		47		83		109		102		26		24		26		26		102
Add: Income tax expense (benefit)		105		(19)		(220)		79		33		13		35		41		123
Add: Depreciation and amortization		199		229		258		274		66		69		67		78		280
EBITDA	\$	701	\$	303	\$	405	\$	821	\$	235	\$	202	\$	230	\$	273	\$	940

Petroleum Segment

(In USD Millions, except per bbl data)									
Refining Margin per throughput barrel	30	Q 2018	40	Q 2018	1	Q 2019	20	Q 2019	LTM
Refining margin	\$	313	\$	279	\$	317	\$	308	\$ 1,217
Divided by: total throughput barrels		20		20		19		20	79
Refining margin per throughput barrel	\$	15.83	\$	13.79	\$	16.55	\$	15.66	\$ 15.34
Inventory valuation impacts	\$	(3)	\$	77	\$	(32)	\$	-	\$ 42
Refining margin, excluding inventory valuation impacts		310		356		285		308	1,259
Divided by: total throughput barrels		20		20		19		20	79
Refining margin, excluding inventory valuations impacts,									
per throughput barrel	\$	15.70	\$	17.62	\$	14.87	\$	15.68	\$ 15.87
Direct Operating Expense per throughput barrel	30	Q 2018	4(Q 2018	1	Q 2019	20	Q 2019	LTM
Direct operating expenses	\$	85.00	\$	92.00	\$	91.00	\$	86.00	\$ 364.00
Throughput (bpd)	2	218,907		221,481		212,806	2	216,283	217,397

4.17 \$

\$

4.45 \$

4.74 \$

4.40 \$

4.59

Direct operating expenses per total throughput barrel



(In USD Millions)

CVR Partners, LP	2	015	2016		2017		2018		3Q 2018		4Q 2018		1Q 2019		2Q 2019		LTM
Net Income (loss)	\$	62	\$	(27)	\$	(73)	\$	(50)	\$	(13)	\$	(1)	\$ (6	6) 9	\$1	.9 \$	(2)
Add: Interest expense and other financing costs, net of interest income		7		49		63		63		16		16	10	6	1	.6	62
Add: Income tax expense (benefit)		-		0		0		(0)		-		(0)	((0)		0	(0)
Add: Depreciation and amortization		28		58		74		72		16		19	17	7	2	5	76
EBITDA	\$	97	\$	80	\$	64	\$	84	\$	19	\$	33	\$ 20	6 (\$6	0\$	137
Add: Turnaround expenses		7		7		3		6		-		-		-		0	0
Add: Loss on extinguishment of debt		-		5		-		-		-		-		-		-	-
Add: Expenses associated with the East Dubuque Facility acquisition		2		3		-		-		-		-		-		-	-
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	107	\$	95	\$	67	\$	90	\$	19	\$	33	\$2	5 3	\$6	0\$	137

(In USD Millions) CVR Partners, LP 4Q 2018 1Q 2019 2Q 2019 LTM 2015 2017 2018 2016 3Q 2018 Adjusted EBITDA 107 \$ \$ \$ 19 \$ 33 \$ 26 \$ 60 \$ 137 \$ \$ 95 67 90 Less: Debt service (6) (60) (59) (15) (15) (15) (46) (15) (59) Less: Maintenance capital expenditures (4) (13) (10)(14) (14)(15) (4) (3) (1)Less: Turnaround expenses (7) (7) (3) (6) (0) (0) ---Less: Cash reserves for future operating needs (5) ----_ _ -(5) Less: Cash reserves for future turnaround expenses (8) (7) (7) ---_ -Less: Cash reserves for maintenance capital expenditures -(16)(16)-_ Less: Expenses associated with East Dubuque Facility acquisition (3) (2) -Add: Impact of purchase accounting 13 --Add: Available cash associated with East Dubuque 2016 first quarter 6 --Add: Release of cash reserves established for turnaround expenses 7 -----81 \$ 45 \$ (10) \$ 10 \$ 0\$ 14 \$ 8\$ 15 \$ Available cash for distribution \$ 37



Reconciliation of Projected Logistics Net Income to Projected Logistics EBITDA

(Annual, USD Millions)

Projected Logistics Net Income	\$ 49	to	\$ 55
Income tax expense	10	to	12
Depreciation & amortization	6	to	8
Projected Logistics EBITDA	\$ 65	to	\$ 75

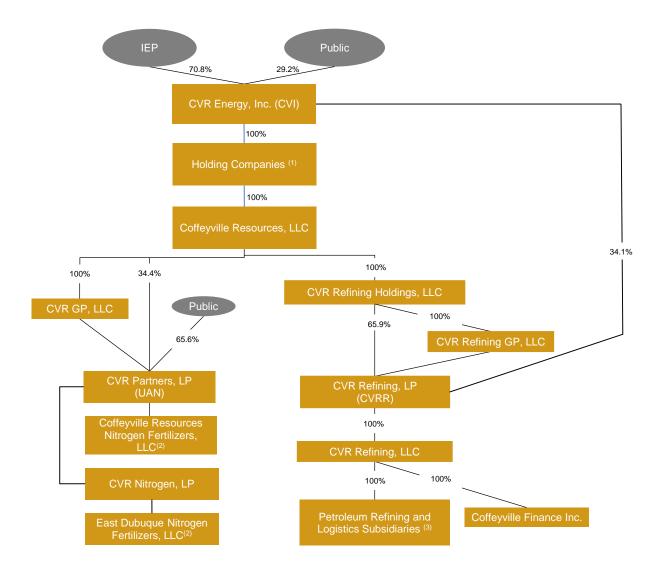
2019 Estimated Capital Expenditures



	2018 Actual							2019 Estimate ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾											
								Mainte	enar	nce		Gro	wtł	ı		To	tal		
	Maint	tenance	(Growth		Total		Low		High		Low		High	_	Low		High	
Petroleum	\$	62	\$	17	\$	79	\$	110	\$	115	\$	20	\$	25	\$	130	\$	140	
Nitrogen Fertilizer		15		4		19		18		20		2		5		20		25	
Other		4		-		4		10		15		-		-		10		15	
Total	\$	81	\$	21	\$	102	\$	138	\$	150	\$	22	\$	30	\$	160	\$	180	

Organizational Structure¹





- (1) Simplified for presentation purposes
- (2) Includes East Dubuque Facility.
- (3) Includes Wynnewood Energy Company, LLC, Wynnewood Refining Company, LLC, Coffeyville Resources Refining & Marketing, LLC, Coffeyville Resources Crude Transportation, LLC, Coffeyville Resources Terminal, LLC, and Coffeyville Resources Pipeline, LLC.